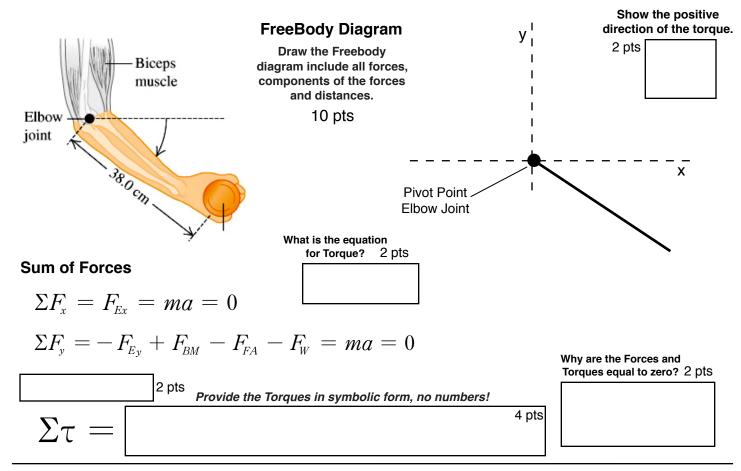
Physics 180A Chapter 10 Problem 52

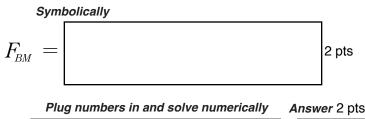
A 72.0 kg weight lifter is doing arm raises using a 7.50 kg weight in her hand. Her arm pivots around the elbow joint, starting 40.0° below the horizontal. Biometric measurements have shown that both forearms and the hands together account for 6.00 % of a person's weight. Since the upper arm is held vertically, the biceps muscle always acts vertically and is attached to the bones of the forearm 5.50 cm from the elbow joint. The center of mass of this person's forearm-hand combination is 16.0 cm from the elbow joint, along the bones of the forearm, and the weight is held 38.0 cm from the elbow joint. What force does the biceps muscle exert on the forearm? Find the magnitude and direction of the force that the elbow joint exerts on the forearm.

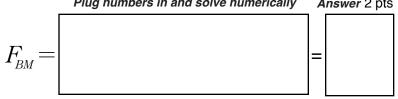


a. What force does the biceps muscle exert on the forearm?

Sum of Torques

Solve symbolically for the Force due to the Bicep Muscle



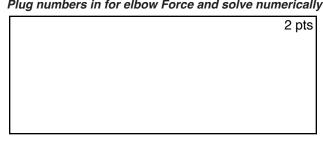


b. Find the magnitude and direction of the force that the elbow joint exerts on the forearm.

Sum of Forces

$$F_{\!E_x}=0$$
 no force in the x-direction $-F_{\!E_y}+F_{\!\!B\!M}-F_{\!\!F\!A}-F_{\!\!B\!A}=0$

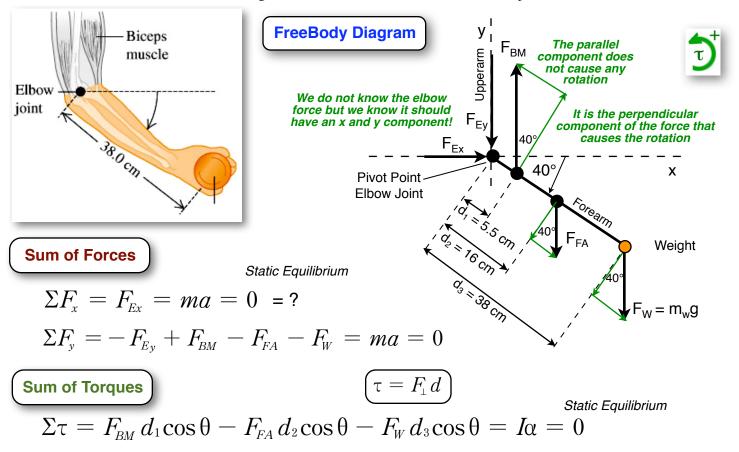
Plug numbers in for elbow Force and solve numerically



$$F_{\!\scriptscriptstyle E_{\scriptscriptstyle y}} = ogenia{egin{array}{c} ext{Answer} \ ext{2 pts} \end{array}}$$

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No torques on Elbow forces since they are acting on the pivot point.

a. What force does the biceps muscle exert on the forearm?

Sum of Torques

$$F_{BM} d_1 \cos \theta - F_{FA} d_2 \cos \theta - F_W d_3 \cos \theta = 0$$
$$F_{BM} d_1 \cos \theta = F_{FA} d_2 \cos \theta + F_W d_3 \cos \theta$$

The cosine of the angle cancels in all terms.
$$F_{\!\scriptscriptstyle BM}=rac{F_{\!\scriptscriptstyle F\!A}\,d_{\scriptscriptstyle 2}+F_{\!\scriptscriptstyle W}\,d_{\scriptscriptstyle 3}}{d_{\scriptscriptstyle 1}}$$

$$F_{\rm BM} = \frac{0.5(0.06)72kg(0.16m) + 7.5kg(9.8m/s^2)0.38m}{0.055m}$$

$$F_{\scriptscriptstyle BM} = 570 N \ upwards \ !!!$$

To keep the forearm stationary your Bicep Muscle needs to provide a lot of force since it is applied so close to the pivot point.

b. Find the magnitude and direction of the force that the elbow joint exerts on the forearm.

Sum of Forces

$$F_{E_X}=0$$
 no force in the x-direction $-F_{E_Y}+F_{BM}-F_{FA}-F_{W}=0$ $F_{E_Y}=F_{BM}-F_{FA}-F_{W}$ $F_{E_Y}=570N-2.16kg(9.8m/s^2)-7.50kg(9.8m/s^2)$ $F_{E_Y}=475\,N_{e}\,downwards$

$$F_{E_v} = 475 N downwards$$

This amount of force is necessary to keep the forearm stationary.